

SRF, key for a sustainable cement industry

Jan Theulen

Director Alternative Resources

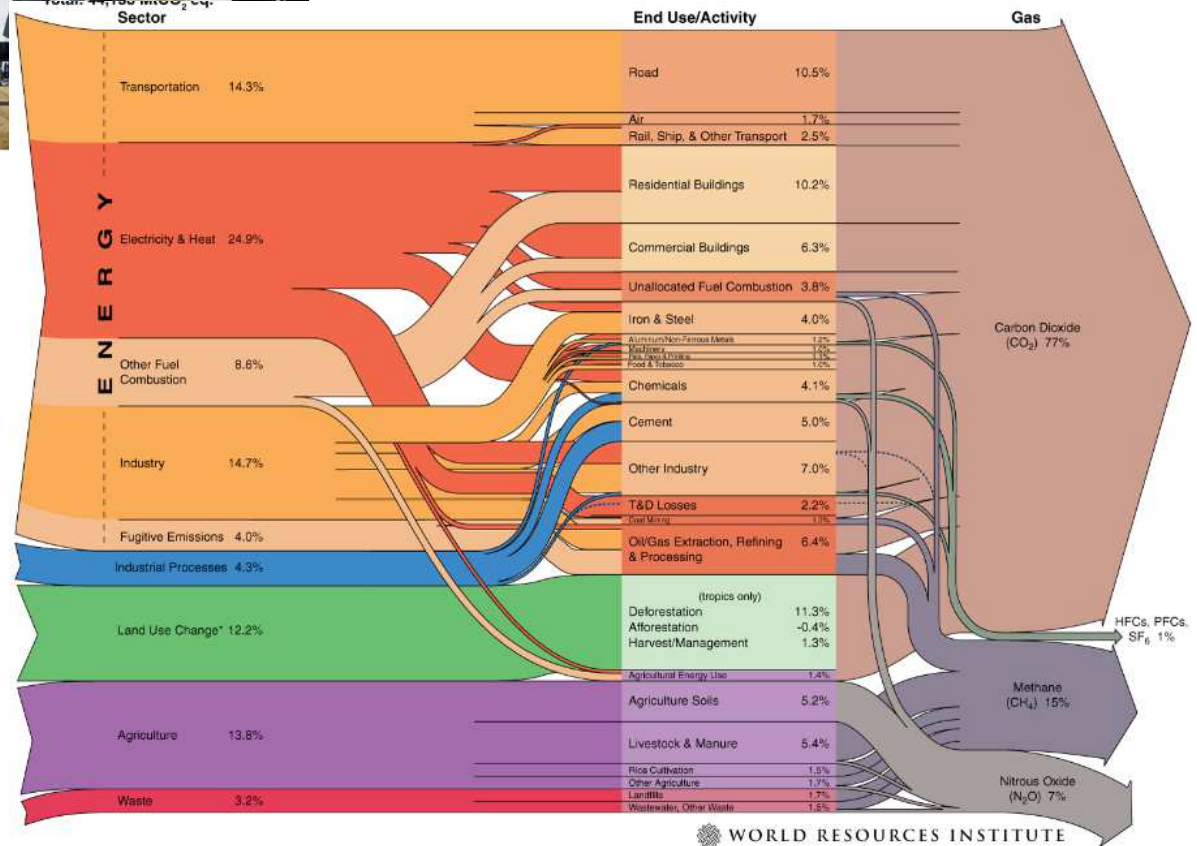
Global Environmental Sustainability GES



Climate change – impact on relevant sectors



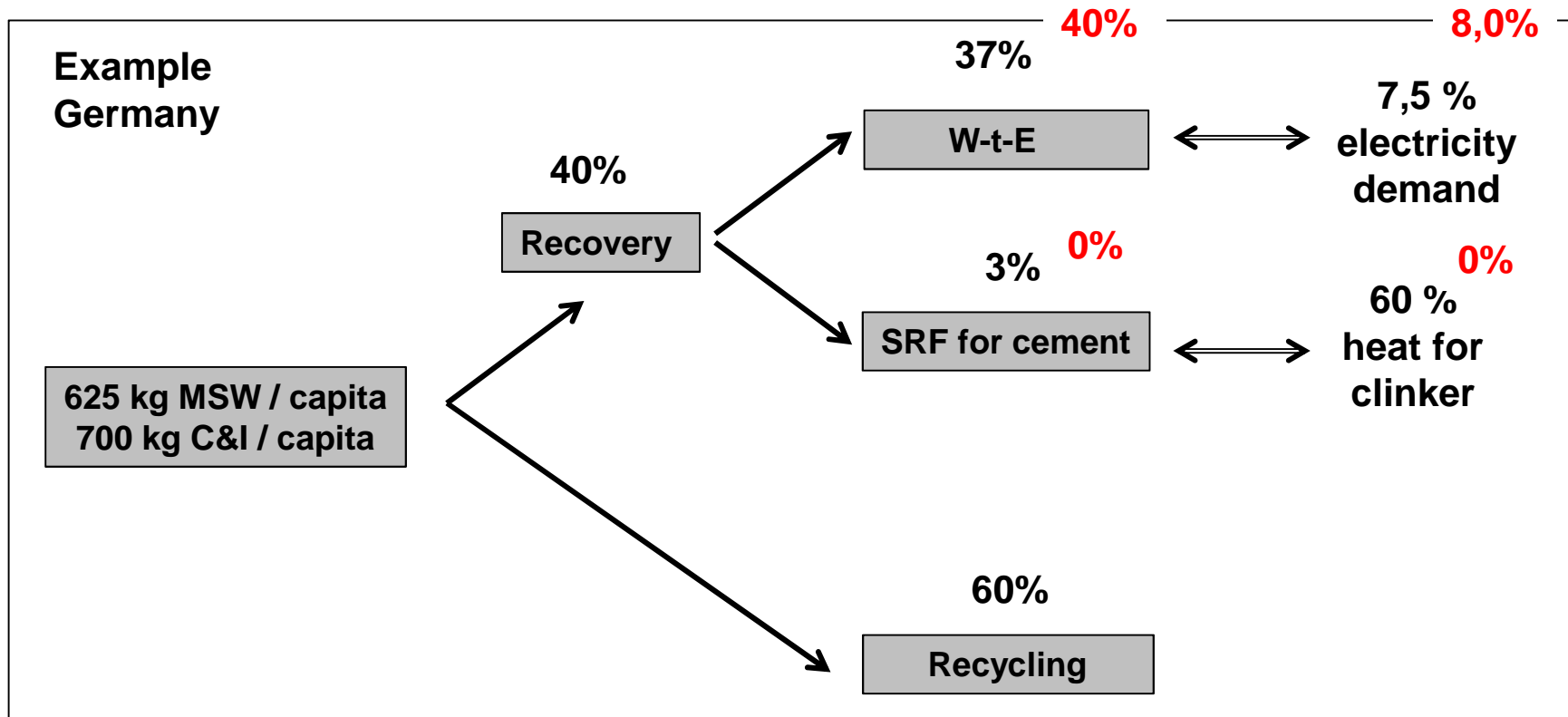
- Power
- Transport
- Industry



What options available for these sectors?

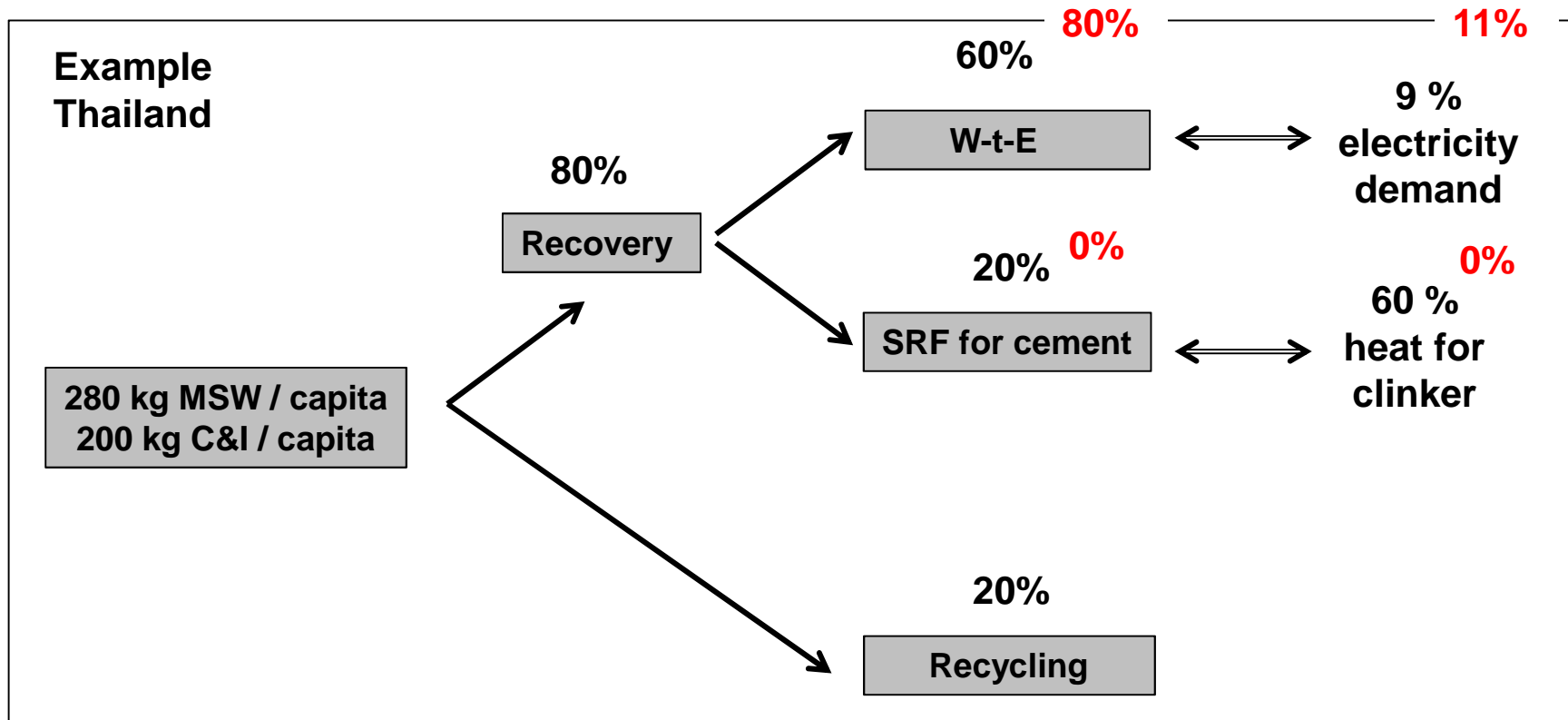
		Solar/ wind/ hydro	Bio- mass	rnwbl electr.	rnwbl H2	Biofuel (>3 rd generation)	MSW and C&I waste		
							W-t-E	W-t- biofuel	W-t- SRF
Power	renewable	●	●						
	circular						●		
Transport	renewable			●	●	●		●	
	circular							●	
Steel (heat)	renewable				●				
	circular								
Cement (heat)	renewable		●						●
	circular								●

How important is MSW + C&I waste for Power or Cement?



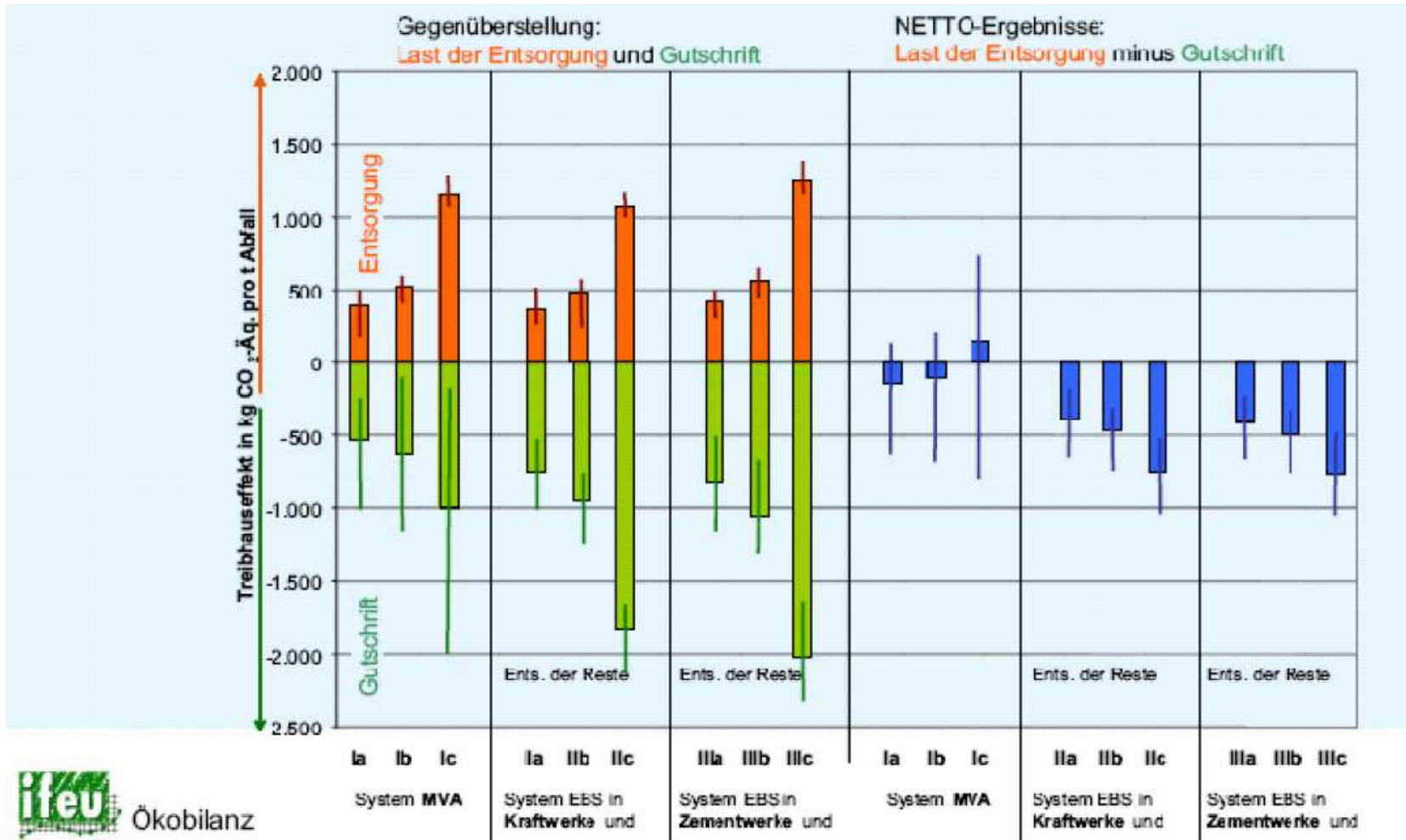
MSW + C&I waste is a dominant factor for decarbonizing cement, but not for decarbonizing the power sector

How important is MSW + C&I waste for Power or Cement?

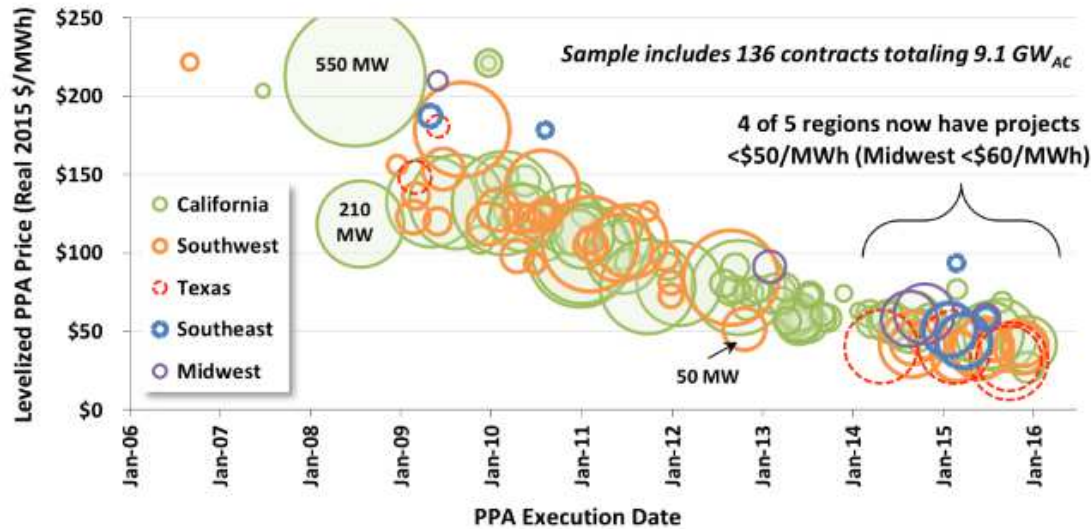


MSW + C&I waste is a dominant factor for decarbonizing cement, but not for decarbonizing the power sector

Netto CO₂-balance of MSW-to-SRF better than W-t-E



How does cost-price PV and Wind compare to W-t-E ?



■ PV-price drops to 50 \$/ MWh in US

The price paid for long-term solar power purchase agreement (PPA) contracts in 2015 fell by 50 dollars per megawatt-hour (or 5 cents per kilowatt-hour) in 4 of the 5 regions analyzed. C LBNL

■ Wind-off shore drops to 55 €/ MWh in NL

NETHERLANDS

Shell consortium wins Borssele III/IV at €54.50/MWh

12 December 2016 by David Weston · [Be the first to comment](#)

NETHERLANDS: A consortium comprising oil and gas giant Shell, offshore construction specialist Van Oord, and developers Eneco and Mitsubishi/DGE will build the 700MW Borssele III and IV projects at €54.50/MWh.



Borssele III & IV will be build by Shell, Eneco, Van Oord and Mitsubishi/DGE

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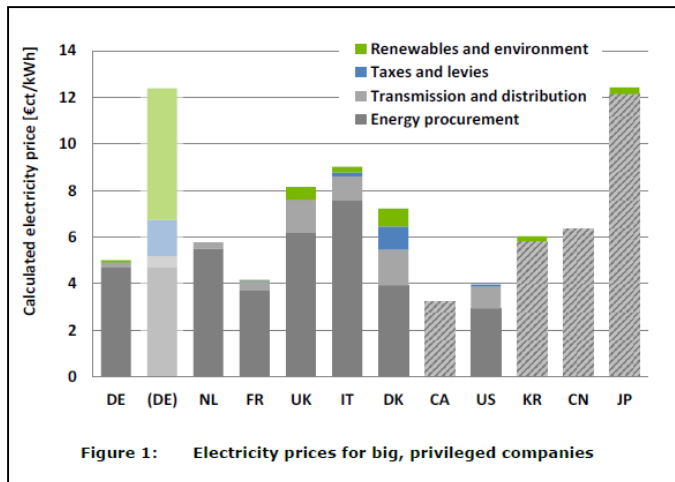
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JDR wins East Anglia 1 cable supply contract

...

What are the costs of W-t-E in various countries?

Waste - to- Electricity		Germany exist	Estonia exist	Bangkok exist	Jakarta on HOLD
tipping fee raw MSW	€/t	-70	-45	-25	-35
tipping fee raw MSW	€/MWh	87.5	100	56	130
additional fee via Feed-In-Tariff	€/MWh	0	44	67	93
net sales price	€/MWh	50	50	50	50

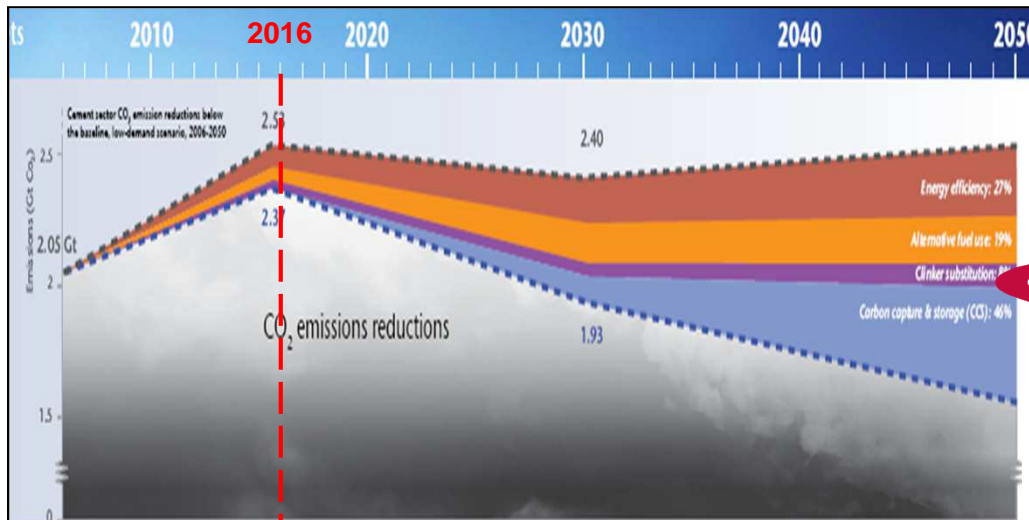


- **Net sales price is kept artificially on market level**
 - Or by high gate fee (Germany, UK)
 - Or by high feed-in-tariffs
- **Indonesia has put W-t-E on HOLD due to high financial support / kWh**

What options available for these sectors?

		Solar/ wind/ hydro	Bio- mass	rnwbl electr.	rnwbl H2	Biofuel (>3 rd generation)	MSW and C&I waste		
							W-t-E	W-t- biofuel	W-t- SRF
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Transport	renewable			●	●	●		●	
	circular							●	
Steel (heat)	renewable				●				
	circular								
Cement (heat)	renewable	✗	●	✗	✗	✗			●
	circular								●

All cement companies count on AF to reduce CO₂...



4 levers to reduce CO₂

Energy efficiency	27%
Alternative fuels	19%
Clinker substitution	9%
Carbon Capture & S/U	46%



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Conclusion:

■ MSW + C&I waste has the better perspective for use as SRF

- From availability perspective
 - Cement Industry can solve majority of its energy needs
 - while it contributes only limited to Renewable Energy need
- From ecological perspective
 - Better energy-efficiency
 - Better CO₂-equivalent footprint
- From financial perspective
 - Solar / PV / hydro cheaper than W-t-E
 - W-t-E needs support by gate fee (landfill tax) or FiT
 - SRF profitable at moderate gate fee for MSW
 - Use of existing infrastructure

So in a normal world potential Cement Industry would be used First

■ Yet, what is the real world.....

- Mechanical Biological Treatment for transforming MSW to SRF
- 0 €/ton MSW tipping fee
- Recycling + SRF for cement



- 50 m€ invested in 2010
- Struggled for 6 years and went bankrupt

- Waste-to-Energy plant
- 40-50 €/ton (?) MSW tipping fee
- Generating electricity and heat



Client	Istanbul Metropolitan Municipality (IMM)
Start-up	2020
Technology	
Furnace	Grate furnace (air-cooled)
Energy recovery	4-pass vertical boiler, turbine
Flue gas treatment	Hitachi Zosen Inova System
Technical Data	
Fuel	Municipal and industrial waste
Waste capacity	1'000,000 t/a in 3 lines
Thermal Capacity	3 * 87 MW
Energy recovery	70 MW net electricity



We should strive for a level playing field !!



Contacts:

Jan Theulen
Director Alternative Resources
Global Environmental Sustainability
[jan.theulen@](mailto:jan.theulen@heidelbergcement.com)
heidelbergcement.com
+31 62 9097 354

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