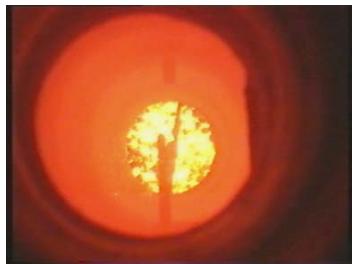
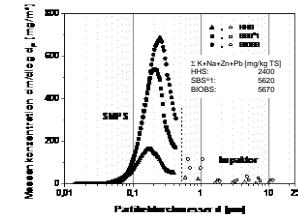


EU-project RECOMBIO

REcovered fuels COMbined with BIOMass

IEA Bioenergy, ERFO, workshop „Production and utilisation options for Solid Recovered Fuels“
May 17, 2018, Bella Center Copenhagen

Dr.-Ing. Hans-Joachim Gehrman, Prof. Dr.-Ing. Dieter Staf, Institute for Technical Chemistry



- **Part 1: Project introduction**
- **Part 2: Production of BIOBS in Erftstadt**
- **Part 3: Use of BIOBS (R&D of KIT and IFK,
industrial application)**
- **Part 4: Messages – Closing remarks**

- **Combined use of bio-residues and Solid Recovered Fuels**
 - **Enlarged fuel basis**
 - **Increased flexibility** of fuel-producers and users
 - **Improved combustion behaviour** of fuel mixture
- Creation of **regional fuel markets**
- **High efficient combined heat and power generation and high availability** using bio-residues and SRF in CHP-plants (> 7.500h/a)
- Demonstration of a **sustainable** and short-term available **fuel production and utilisation**
- **Cost-effective CO₂-reduction**
- **No “food or fuel”-problematic**

Project RECOMBIO

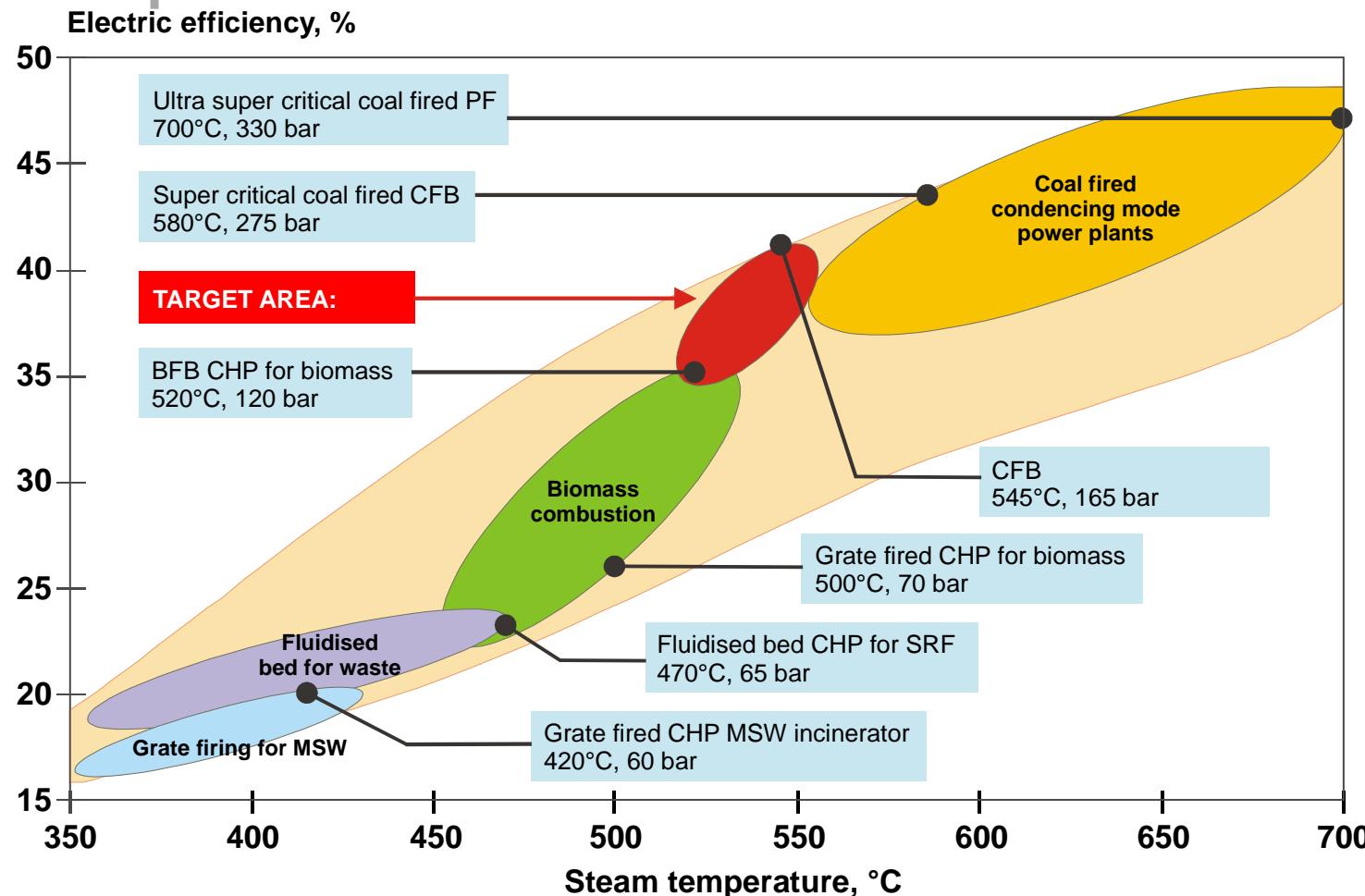
Partners

	• REMONDIS	SRF-production + coordination
	• RWE Power	SRF-use
	• University Stuttgart	lab. and full scale measurements
	• Forschungszentrum Karlsruhe	lab. and full scale measurements
	• ECN	ash properties, corrosion, fuel characterisation
	• L & T	SRF-production
	• Stora	SRF-use
	• VTT	lab. and full scale measurements
	• Metso	additives, corrosion
	• TiTech/TOMRA (Norway)	optical sorting technology (NIR)
	• JRC (Belgium)	Life Cycle Analyses
	• Turow/PGE (Poland)	dissemination

Total funding: 4,04 Mio € , 01.01.2010 – 31.12.2013, two demonstration cases

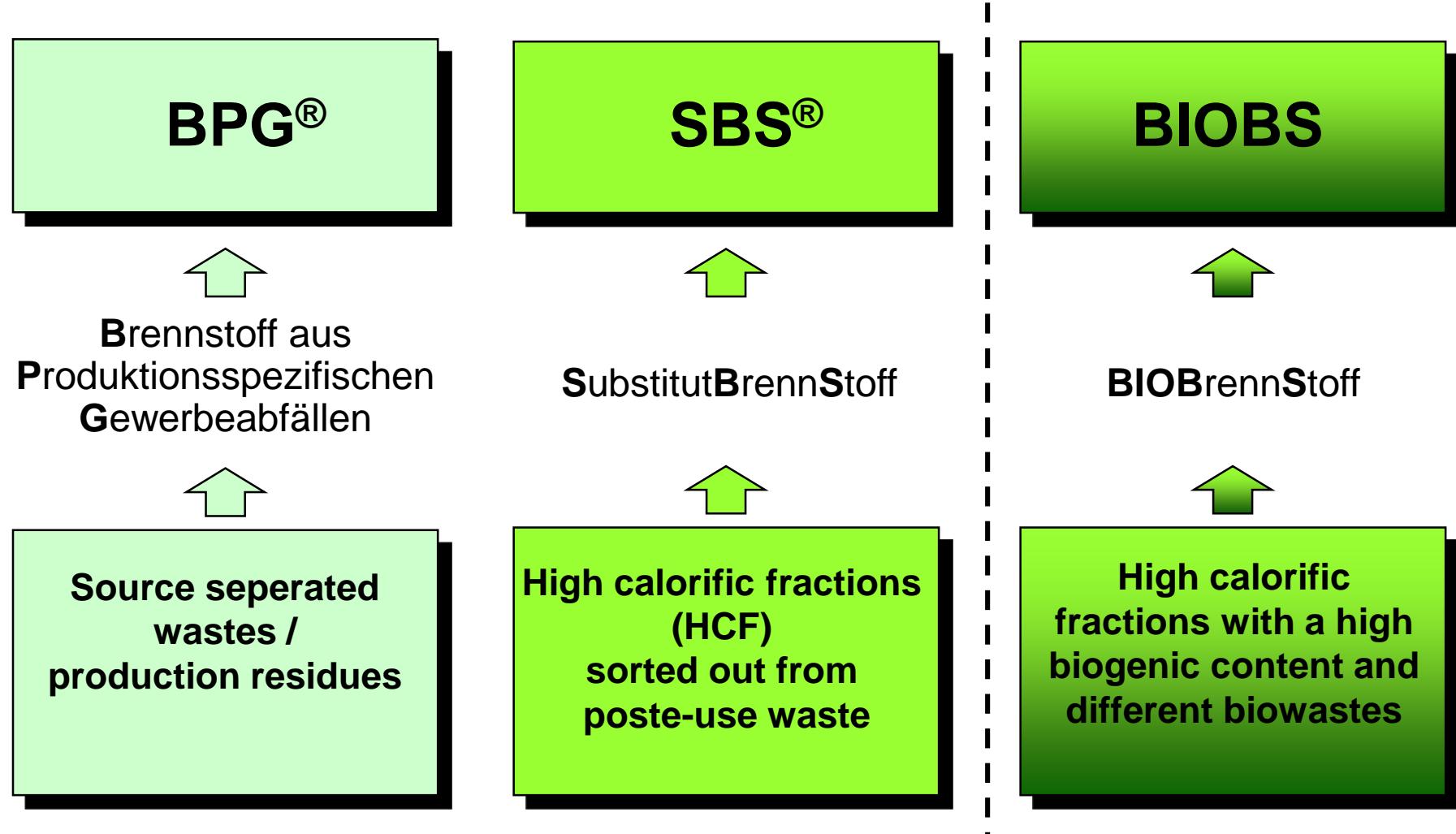
Project RECOMBIO

Target area in terms of electric efficiency and steam temperature

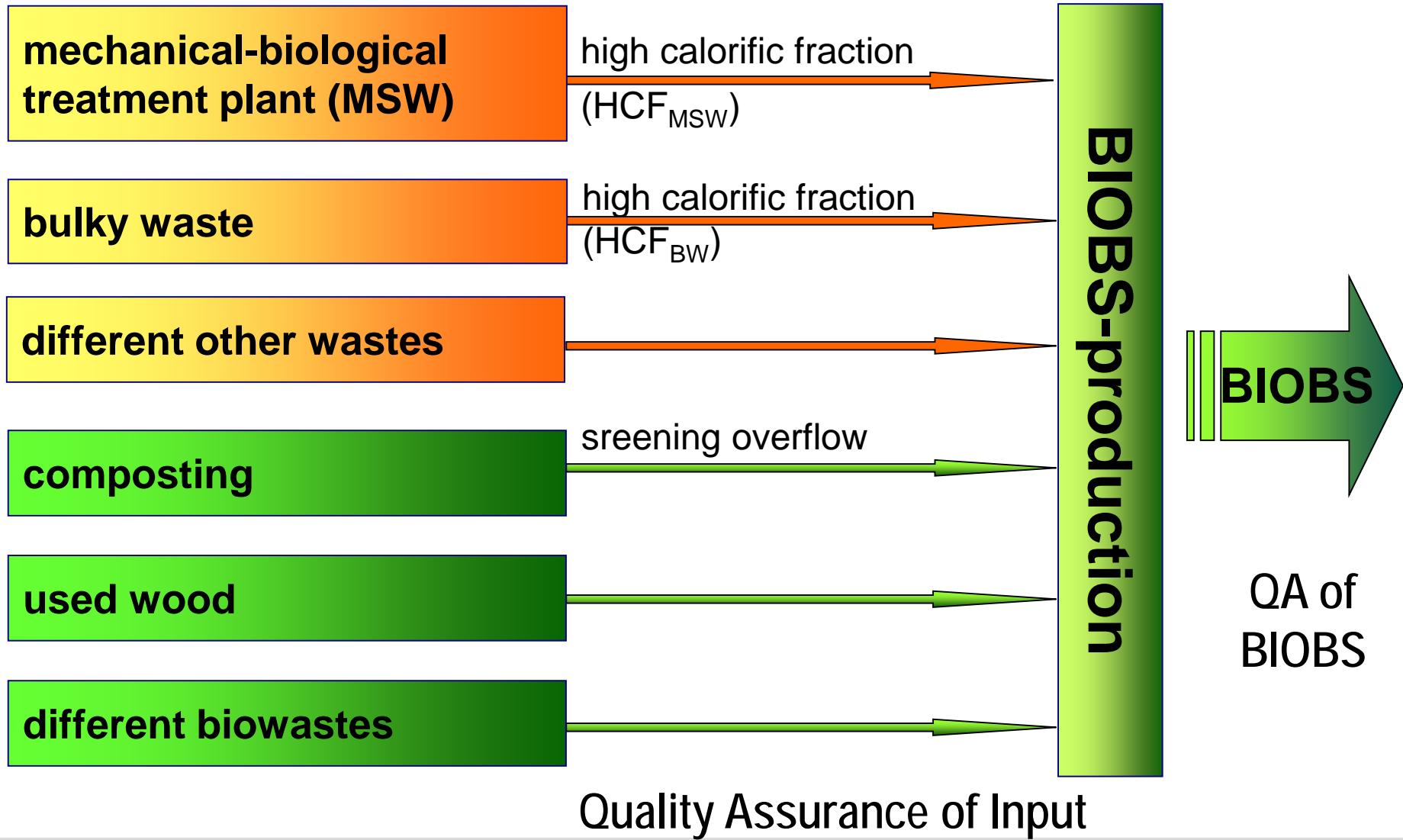


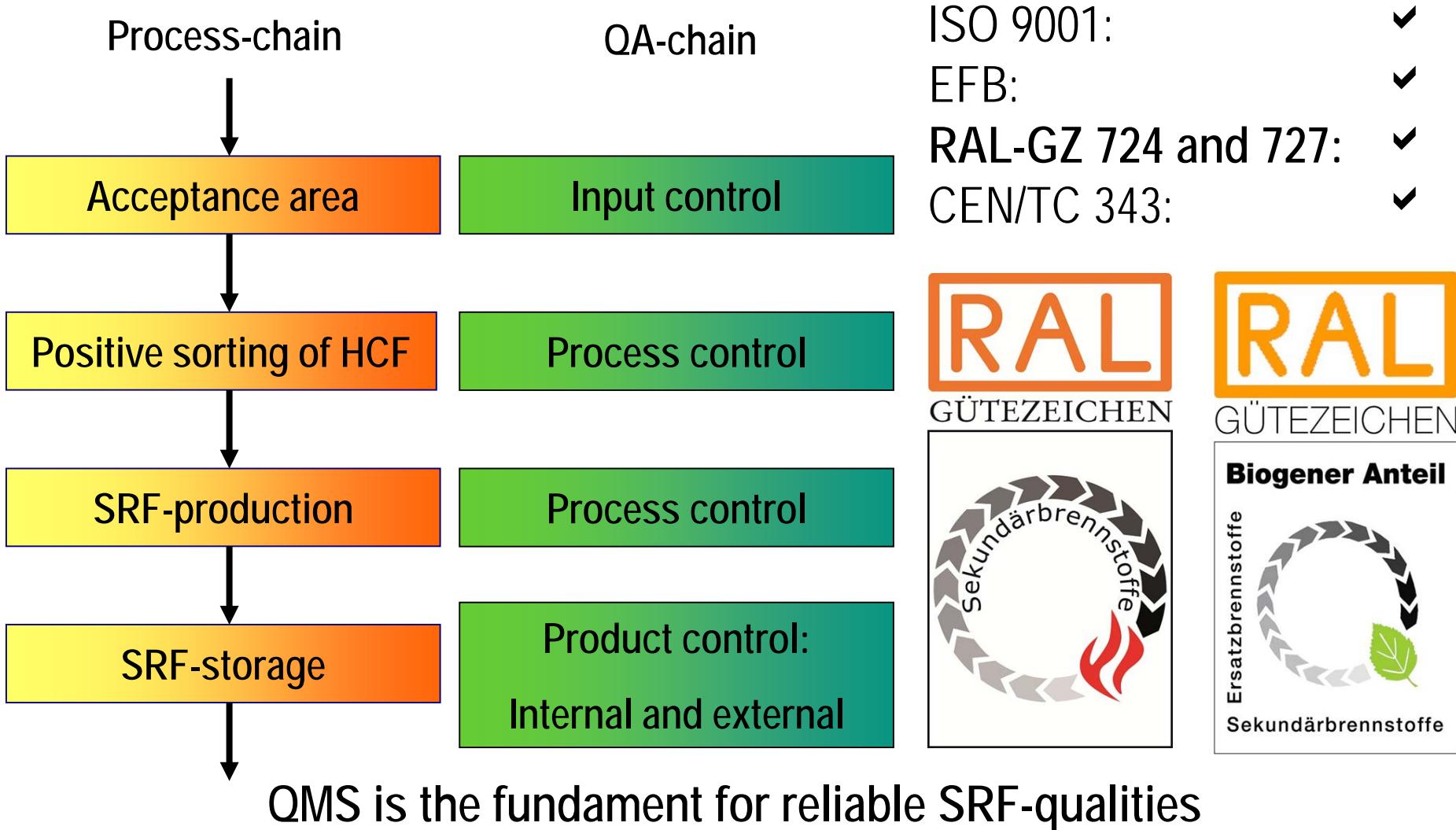
Target area: efficiency > biomass plants and >> municipal solid waste incinerators

Three quality groups of SRF since 1995/1998/2009



SRF-quality BIOBS input materials





Online-analysis with NIR-device

new position since 04/2012: product stream - 100%



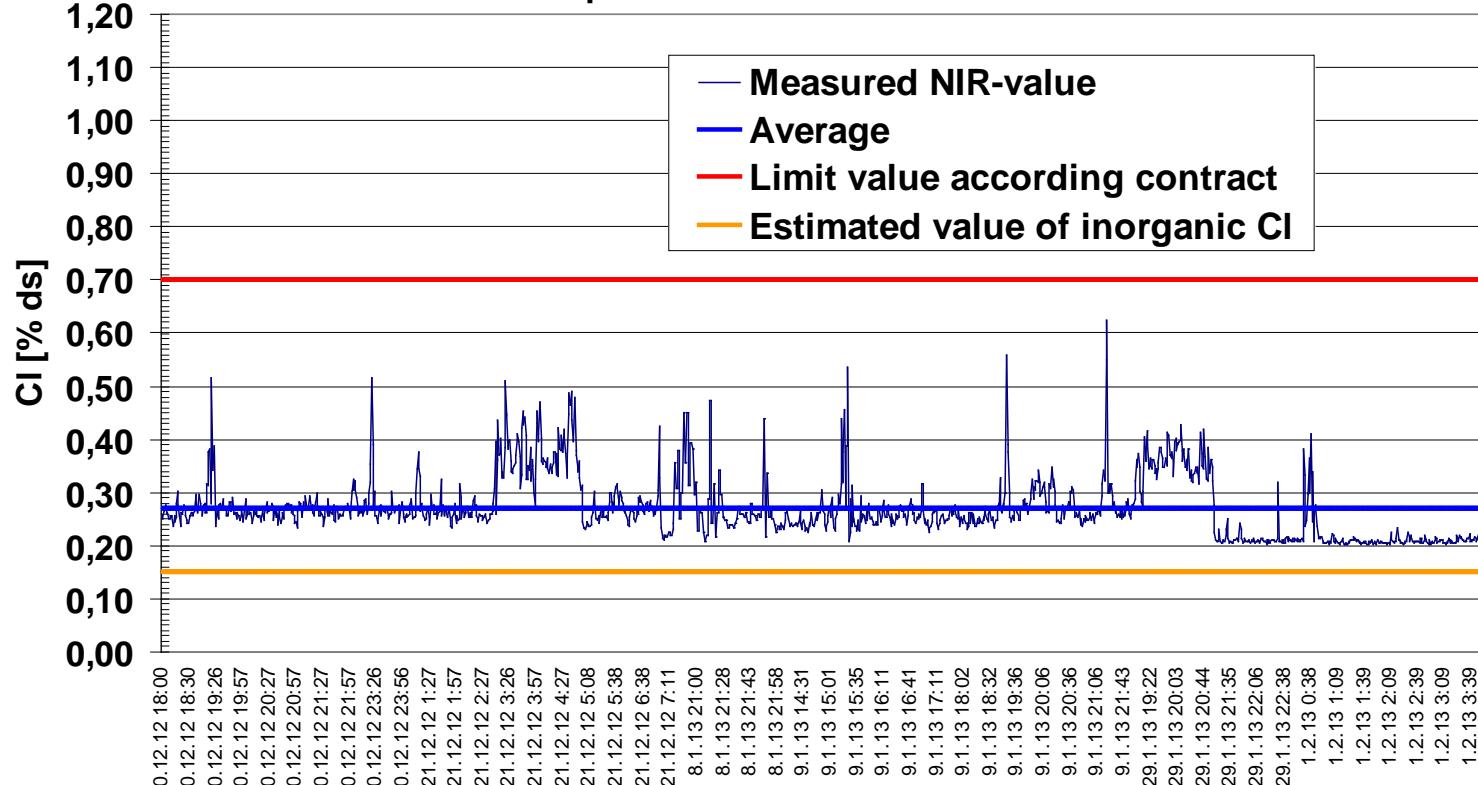
New position after promising results of TAMARA-trials@KIT
(SRF-layer ca. 15 cm)

Online-analysis with NIR-device

information for the control personnel (exemplary lot)

BIOBS, 13-04196-001

Production period: 20.12.2012 - 31.01.2013



Prevention of longer periods with higher Cl-values possible

Quality of SBS®1 Erftstadt and BIOBS compared to Rhenish lignite (03/2014)

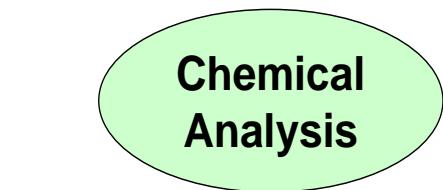
	Unit	Lignite from the Rhine, Mean (Berrenrath/Wachtberg)	SBS 1, Mean 2010 - 2013	SBS 2, Mean 2010 - 2013	BIOBS, Mean 2010 - 2013
Short analysis					
Net. Calorific Value	MJ/kg o.s.	10,1	13,2	18,2	11,9
H ₂ O	% o.s.	54	24,8	16,4	24,7
Ash	% o.s.	2,5	9,5	10,1	11,0
Chlorine	% o.s.	0,02	0,36	0,74	0,23
Volatile	% o.s.	23,5	53,5	60	52,7
Elementary analysis					
C	% o.s.	30,5	35,3	39,2	32,5
H	% o.s.	2,2	4,5	5,6	4,1
O	% o.s.	10,3	23,8	26,8	26,2
N	% o.s.	0,4	1,4	1,0	1,2
S	% o.s.	0,2	0,2	0,3	0,1
Additional parameters					
Biogenic C	% of TC	0	74,3	50	84,4
Chlorides	mg/kg d.s.	300	2.005	1.655	1.575
Al	mg/kg d.s.	750	5.550	5.685	4.700
K	mg/kg d.s.	215	2.160	1.610	3.190
Na	mg/kg d.s.	1.400	2.665	2.213	1.420
Pb (50th. Percentile)	mg/kg d.s.	1	75	65	45
Zn (50th. Percentile)	mg/kg d.s.	3,5	275	350	210

Classification code according EN 15359 of SBS®1 and BIOBS: NCV: 4; Cl: 2; Hg: 1

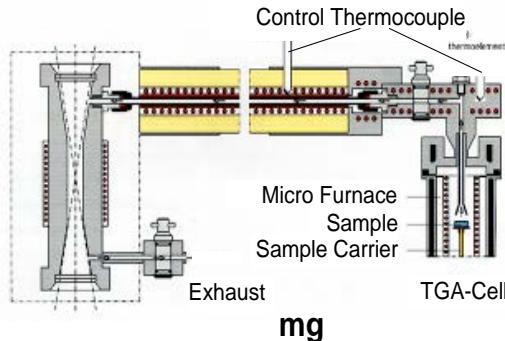
- **Comparison of Chlorine- Concentration in BIOBS,
determined by different methods**
- **Corrosion Measurements at CHP plant in Wachtberg**

Three-stage characterization methodology

Stage 1



TG / HR-FTIR coupling FTIR

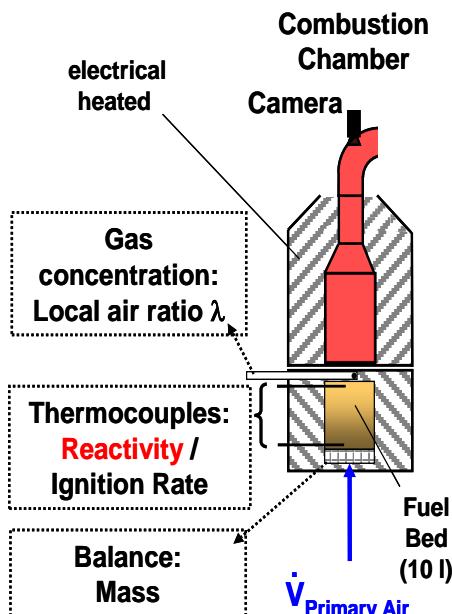


Net calorific value, kinetics,
C, H, O, N, S, Cl

Standard method

Stage 2

Fixed Bed Reactor KLEAA

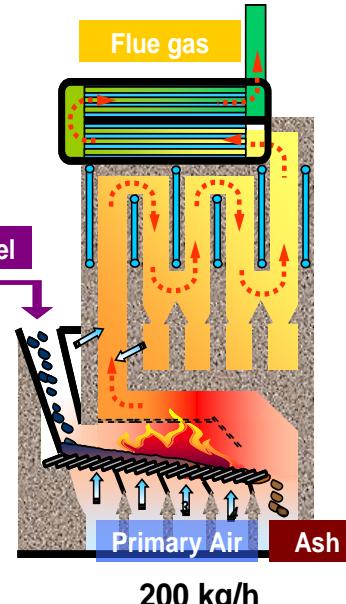


Combustion behavior,
Characteristic Numbers

Advanced method

Stage 3

Grate Incinerator TAMARA



Scale-up,
Validation, emissions

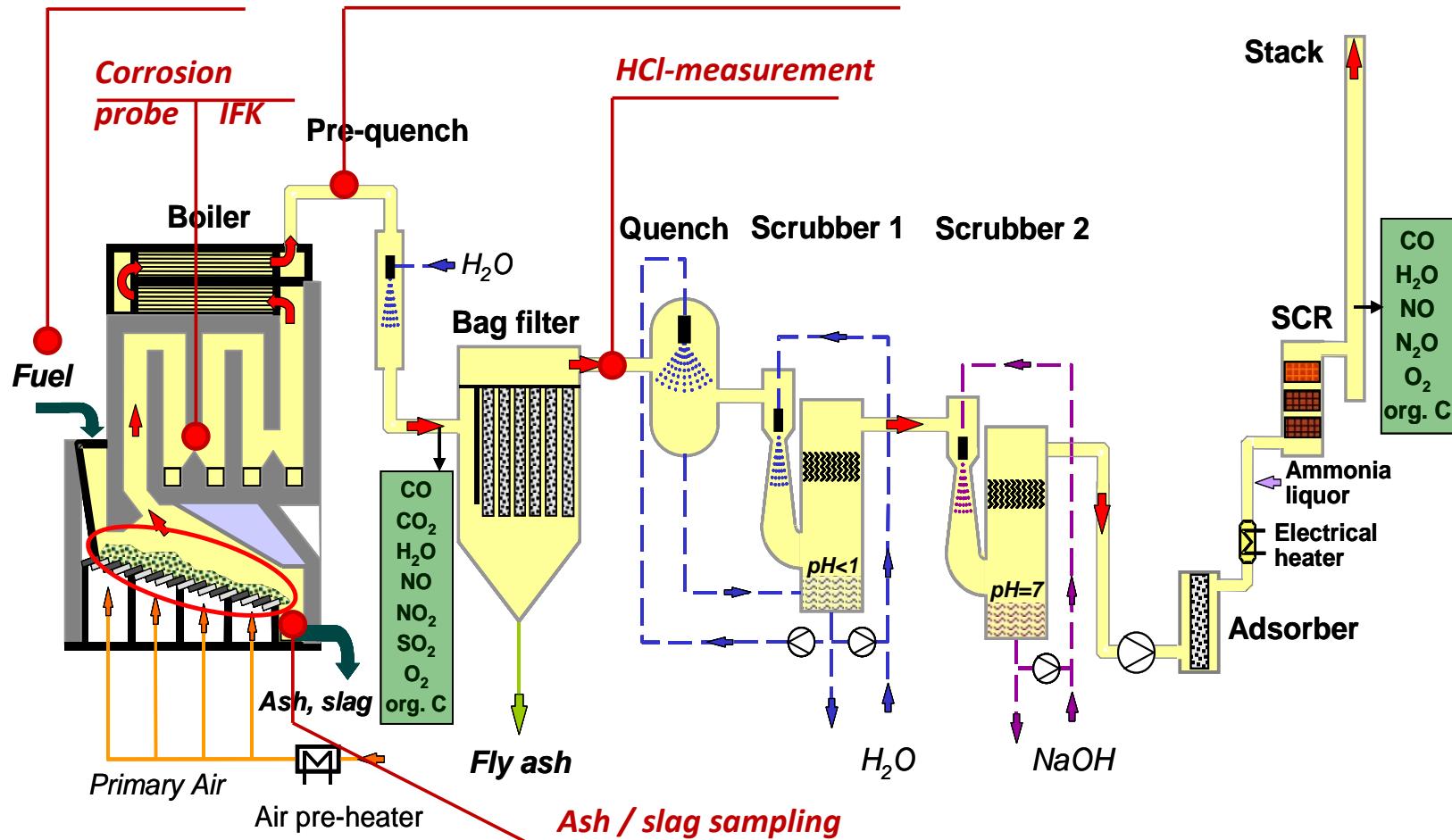
Pilot Plant TAMARA

Thermal power: 450 kW

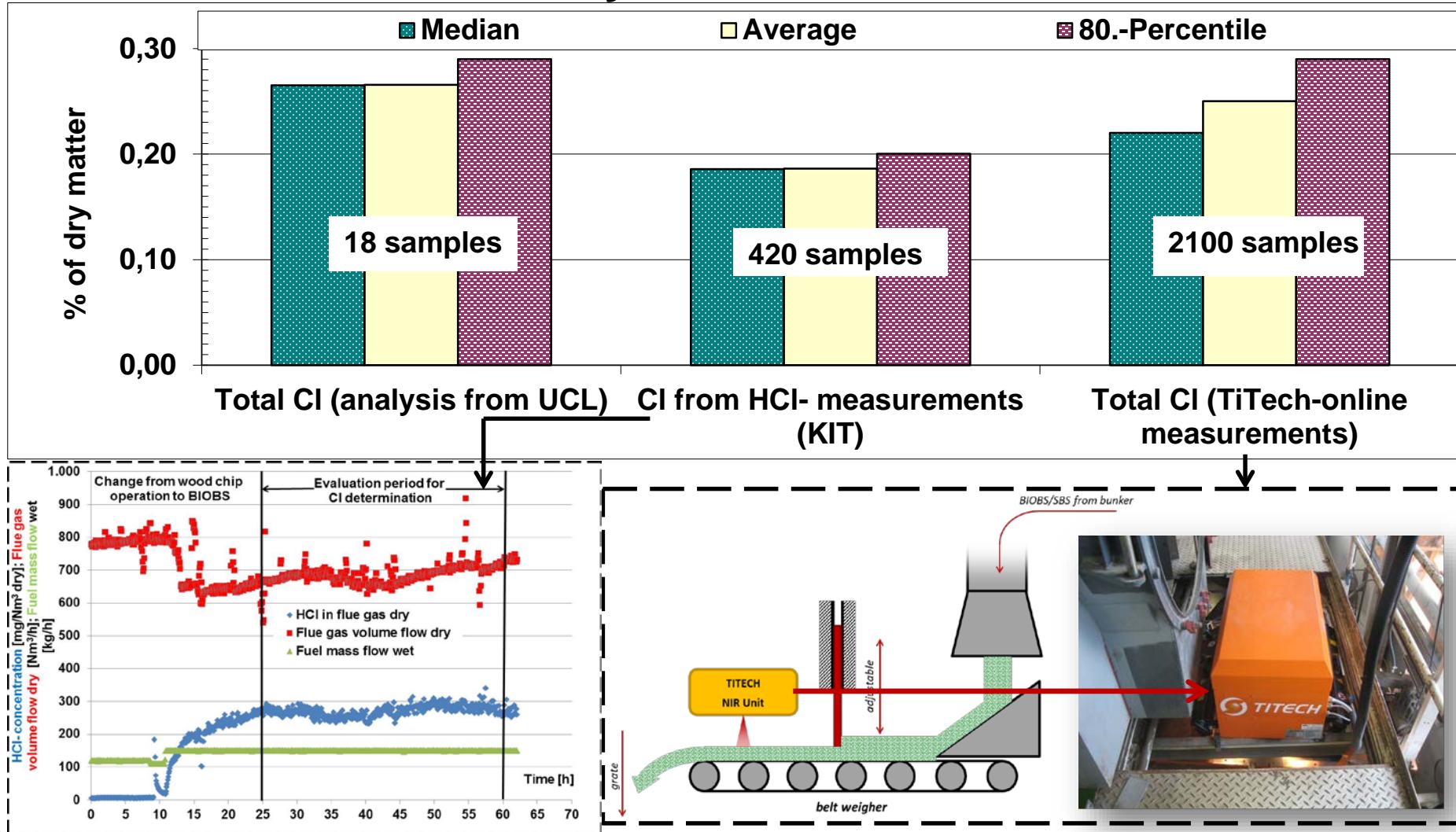
*Sulfur addition,
NIR-Measurement
(TITECH)*

*Raw gas measurement
Ash sampling (SMPS, Impactor)*

Stage 3

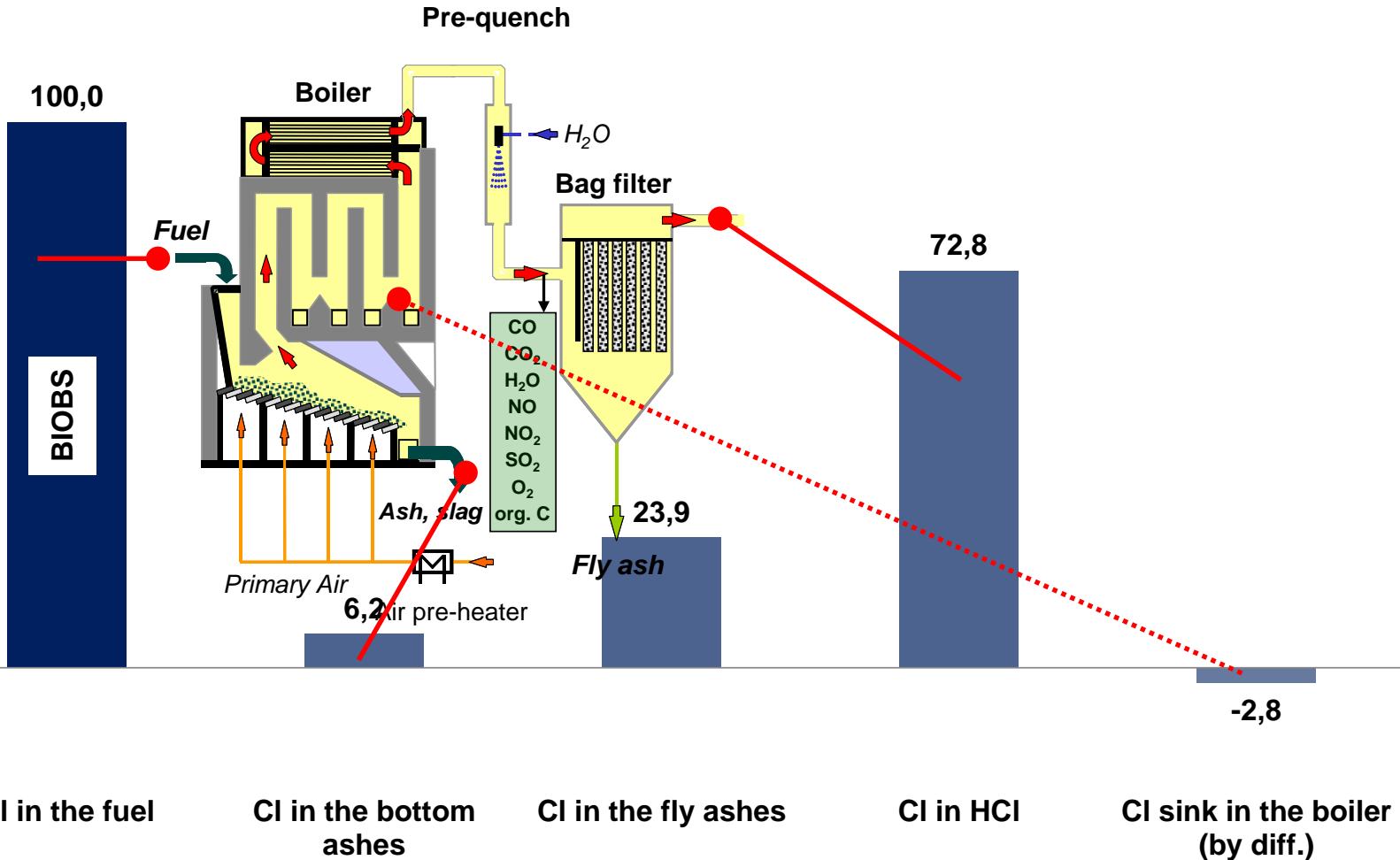


Combustion Tests at TAMARA – Comparison of Cl- Concentration in BIOBS, determined by different methods



Chlorine Balance

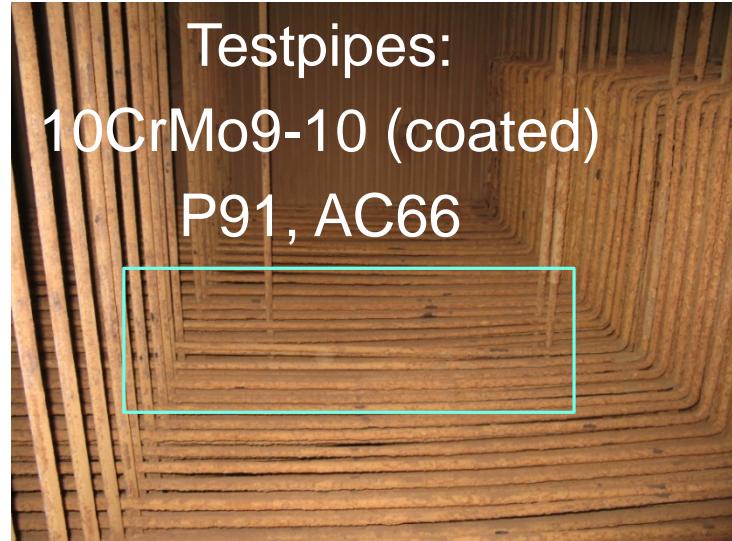
Chlorine balance BIOBS without sulfur supply- distribution in [wt.%], determined from loads



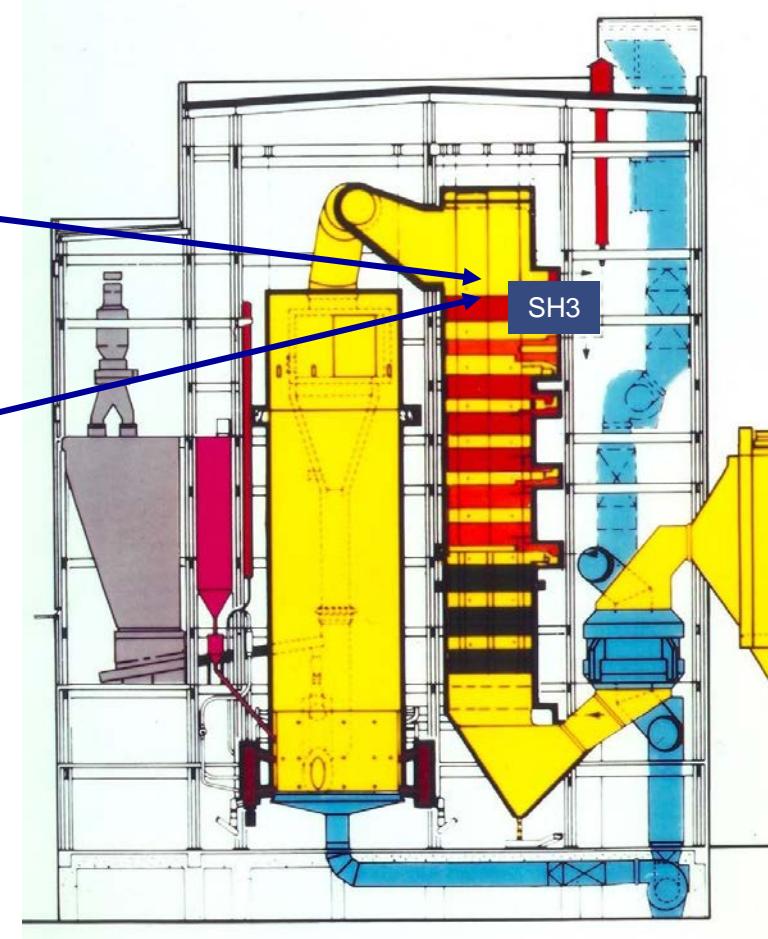
Operation and measurement campaigns

Measurement site in PP – boiler 1

IFK-Corrosion probe,
(temperature controlled), 41m



Testpipes:
10CrMo9-10 (coated)
P91, AC66



Evaluation of BIOBS co-combustion in Wachtberg, IFK

12% of the firing thermal capacity

- Quality of BIOBS 
- Delivery and transfer 
- Feeding and dosing 
- Combustion behaviour
(ignition/burnout) 
- Reducing emission limits
(17. BlmSchV) 
- corrosion 

20% of the firing thermal capacity

- Quality of BIOBS 
- Delivery and transfer 
- Feeding and dosing 
- Combustion behaviour
(ignition/burnout) 
- Reducing emission limits
(17. BlmSchV) 
- corrosion 

Co-combustion of BIOBS in the lignite power plant Wachtberg is technical and environmentally feasible with lower amount (ca. 15%) and with some modifications especially of the feeding system

- *(Co-)Combustion of BIOBS and SBS1® for grate incinerators successfully demonstrated.*
- *BIOBS- recipe improved.*
- Fixed bed combustion provide resilient results for design of grate incinerators.
- Co-firing of BioBS with a high biogenic content was successfully demonstrated in a large scale CFB and grate fired incinerator

Evaluation of different Measurement Methods

- Online-measurement with NIR-technique, HCl-laser and chemical analysis are validating each other
- *Application of NIR-technique in main flow of fuel preparation successfully demonstrated in TAMARA and implemented in Erftstadt.*

Demonstration cases

Finland: SRF-production in Kerava/Turku – SRF-use in Anjalankoski

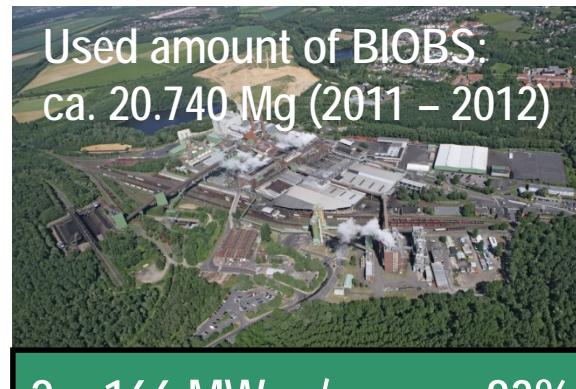


SRF-production



SRF-use

Germany: SRF-production in Erftstadt – SRF-use in CFB in Wachtberg/Berrenrath



$2 \times 166 \text{ MW}_{\text{th}} / \eta_{\text{CHP}} = 83\%$



$2 \times 235 \text{ MW}_{\text{th}} / \eta_{\text{CHP}} = 83\%$

- **NIR-technology**
 - is the key to produce **high-quality fuels** based on high calorific waste fractions
 - can be used/developed as an **online-analysis**-system for **Cl** and (NCV, H₂O)
- **Certified SRF`s** (i.e. RAL-GZ 724) guarantee a high quality reliabilty and ensure an **environmentally friendly use in cement industries and power plants**
- **Fuel-quality is the decisive tool for high efficiency**
- About **1t CO₂ reduction/t BIOBS** in lignite substitution

Summary RECOMBIO (2/3)

- Results of external **LCA by the JRC Ispra** on behalf of the EU-Commission taking into account 15 life cycle impact categories **shows environmental sustainability**; this means that co-incineration of **quality assured SRF** is **ecologically useful**
 - Demonstration case Finland: improvements for 11 of 15 categories
 - Demonstration case Germany: **improvements for 15 of 15 categories**, **CO₂-reduction** effect ca. **2000g CO₂/kWh_{el}** (by aggregating effects of all measures to the functional unit kWh_{el})

Summary RECOMBIO (3/3)

- No “food or fuel“-problematic
- **Production and use of SRF is recommended** for other (EU-) countries (i.e. GB, PL)
- **European potential SRF co-incineration** cement and power plants:
15 - 30 Mio t /a
- **MSW-Incinerators** as the last step of modern waste management
(ultima ratio)

Anjalankoski, Finland

Thank you for your attention !



Thank you to the COM/DG ENER for funding the RECOMBIO-project